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Year End Review- Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) in 2017.

About the ministry-

The Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) envisions a vibrant MSME Sector by promoting growth and development of the MSME Sector, including Khadi, Village and Coir Industries, in cooperation with the concerned Ministries/Departments, State Governments and other Stakeholders, through providing support to existing enterprises and encouraging setting-up of new enterprises.

The year 2017 has been very significant for the Ministry of MSME during which it took various initiatives to promote MSME Sector including launching of Digital MSME Scheme, augmented the package for supporting MSEs, took various initiatives to support MSMEs in the backdrop of demonetization, work started to establish Technology Centers in eight cities, launched MSME Delayed Payment Portal and Public Procurement Portal among others.

The Major Initiatives of the Ministry during this year are mentioned below:

Digital MSME Scheme launched:

- The Digital MSME Scheme is revolving around Cloud Computing which is emerging as a cost effective and viable alternative in comparison to in-house IT infrastructure installed by MSMEs.
- In Cloud Computing, MSMEs use the internet to access common as well as tailor-made IT infrastructure including software for managing their business processes.
- Cloud Computing is free from the burden of investment on hardware/software and infrastructural facilities.
- This Scheme would encourage MSMEs towards this new approach i.e. Cloud Computing for ICT adoption.
- Package for supporting Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) approved – Corpus of Credit Guarantee Trust Fund for Micro, and Small Enterprises (CGTMSE) augmented:
 - a) Corpus of the Trust augmented from Rs. 2,500 crore to Rs. 7,500 crore and will be fully funded by the Government of India.
 - b) Coverage of the loans covered under the Credit Guarantee Scheme from Rs.1 crore to Rs.2 crore increased.
 - c) Coverage of the Credit Guarantee Scheme for loans being extended to Micro and Small Enterprises by NBFCs increased

Initiatives taken for MSMEs in the backdrop of Demonetization:

- a) The coverage of the loans covered under the Credit Guarantee Scheme for MSEs implemented by CGTMSE has been increased from Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 2 crore
- b) The credit Guarantee scheme has also been extended for loans given to MSMEs by NBFCs.
- c) Department of Financial Services (DFS), Ministry of Finance has issued an advisory to Banks regarding raising of working capital/cash credit limit for MSEs.
- d) Technology Centres are being established in 8 cities viz., Puducherry, Visakhapatnam, Rohtak, Durg, Baddi, Bhiwadi, Bengaluru and Sitarganj

MSME Delayed Payment Portal – MSME Samadhaan <http://samadhaan.msme.gov.in> launched:



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- a) This Portal will empower Micro and Small entrepreneurs across the country to directly register their cases relating to delayed payments by Central Ministries/Departments/CPSEs/State Governments.
- b) The Portal will give information about the pending payment of MSEs with individual CPSEs / Central Ministries, State Governments, etc.
- c) The CEOs of PSEs and the Secretary of the Ministries concerned will also be able to monitor the cases of delayed payment under their jurisdiction and issue necessary instructions to resolve the issues.
- d) The Portal will greatly facilitate the monitoring of the delayed payment in a more effective manner.
- e) The information on the Portal will be available in public domain, thus exerting moral pressure on the defaulting organizations. The MSEs will also be empowered to access the Portal and monitor their cases.

Public Procurement Portal for MSEs – MSME Sambandh <http://sambandh.msme.gov.in> launched:

- a) The Portal will help in monitoring the implementation of the Public Procurement from MSEs by Central Public Sector Enterprises(CPSEs). Using this Online Portal, the Ministries and CPSEs can assess their performance.
- b) MOU signed between India and United Arab Emirates (UAE) for co-operation in the field of Small and Medium Enterprises and Innovation:
- c) The MoU would benefit Indian SMEs and lead to equitable and inclusive development. The exposure to best practices in SME sector abroad would provide an opportunity to Indian SMEs to improve upon them and innovate further.
- d) It would also provide to Indian SME sector an opportunity to have a mutually beneficial relation with SME sector of the United Arab Emirates and to explore their markets.
- e) MOUs signed with 4 Sector Skill Councils to provide skill development trainings to SC-ST Entrepreneurs under National SC/ST Hub Scheme.
- f) Report on National MSME Policy submitted.
- g) Evaluation study of the Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) by Management Development Institute (MDI), Gurugram presented.



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Year End Review-2017-Department of Food & Public Distribution

Following are the major highlights of the activities of the Department of Food & Public Distribution during the year 2017:

Implementation of the National Food Security Act, 2013 (NFSA)

- The prices of foodgrains specified under NFSA – Rs.3 per kg for rice, Rs.2 per kg for wheat and Re.1 per kg for coarse grains – which were valid upto July, 2016, have been continued upto June, 2018.
- During the Financial Year 2017-18 (upto 13.12.2017), Rs.2959.22 crore has been released to State Governments as Central assistance to meet the expenditure incurred on intra-State movement of foodgrains and fair price shop dealers' margins.
- Such an arrangement has been made for the first time under NFSA.
- Under erstwhile TPDS, State Governments were required to either meet this expenditure on their own or pass it on to beneficiaries (other than AAY beneficiaries).

End-to-end Computerization of TPDS Operations

- As an outcome of digitization of Ration Card/beneficiary records, de-duplication due to Aadhaar seeding, transfer/migration/deaths, change in economic status of beneficiaries, and during the run-up to and implementation of NFSA, a total of 2.75 Crore ration cards have been deleted/cancelled by State/UT Governments during the years 2013 to 2017 (up to November 2017).
- Based on this the Government has been able to achieve an estimated 'Rightful Targeting of Food Subsidies' of about Rs. 17,500 Crore per annum.
- To modernize and to bring about transparency in the Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS), the Department is implementing scheme on End-to-end Computerization of TPDS Operations at a total cost of 884 Crore on cost-sharing basis with the States/UTs.
- The Scheme provides for digitization of ration cards & beneficiary records, computerization of supply chain management, setting up of transparency portals and grievance redressal mechanisms.

Key achievements under the scheme are as follows:-

- Digitization of ration cards / beneficiaries data-Completed in all States/ UTs.
- Online allocation of food grains-Started in 30 States/UTs.
- Computerization of Supply Chain Management-Completed in 20 States/UTs, and the work is in progress in the remaining States/UTs.
- Transparency portals-Set up in all States/UTs
- Grievance redressal facilities
- Either or both toll-free helplines/Online registration facility is available in all States/UTs.
- To identify and weed-out duplicate/ineligible beneficiaries, and to enable rightful targeting of food subsidies, seeding of Aadhaar numbers of beneficiaries with their Ration Cards is being done by States and UTs.
- Presently, 81.35% of all ration cards have been seeded.
- As part of the scheme, electronic Point of Sale (ePoS) devices are being installed at Fair Price Shops (FPSs) for distribution of foodgrains through authentication and electronic record-keeping of the sale transactions.
- As on date, 2.83 lakh FPSs out of total 5.27 lakh FPSs have ePoS devices in 23 States/UTs.

Launch of hybrid model of DBT:



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- A pilot scheme on DBT (In-cash & In-kind) on the pattern of “PAHAL” has been launched in Nagri Block of Ranchi District, Jharkhand w.e.f. October 2017.
- Under this scheme, the subsidy amount (economic cost, less the central issue price) is directly transferred into the bank account of the eligible NFSA beneficiaries in advance in the beginning of the month.
- The beneficiary then can purchase the foodgrains as per entitlement from the Fair Price Shop at economic cost of the foodgrains after authentication on Point of Sale (PoS) device.
- Central Issue Price is contributed by the beneficiary.
- This model enables continued support to the procurement exercise from farmers at MSP, while disincentivising any leakage of food grains from PDS.

Intra state portability of ration cards:

Facility enabling PDS beneficiaries to lift their entitled foodgrains from any fair price shop in the State where ePoS device has been installed has been started in states of Andhra Pradesh, Haryana, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Chhattisgarh (750 FPSs), and Telangana (2273 FPSs).

‘Integrated Management of PDS’ (IM-PDS)

A new Central Sector Scheme has been approved to be implemented during FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20 for establishing Public Distribution System Network (PDSN) to implement national level portability, central data repository and central monitoring system of PDS operations.

Launch of ePoS transactions portal:

- **Annavitran Portal** (www.annavitran.nic.in) has been implemented to display electronic transactions made through ePoS devices for distribution of subsidized foodgrains to beneficiaries.
- This portal also shows all India picture of Aadhaar authentication of beneficiaries besides allocated and distributed quantity of foodgrains up to district level.

Supporting the Farmer

During KMS 2016-17, a record quantity of 381.07 Lakh MT paddy (in terms of rice) was procured. In 2015-16 KMS it was 342.18 LMT. During RMS 2017-18, a quantity of 308.24 lakh MT of wheat was procured which is highest in last five years. In 2016-17 this was 229.61 LMT.

Improving Foodgrain Management

- A new guideline on usage charges for packaging of procured paddy from KMS 2017-18 onwards has been implemented in consultation with all States and FCI.
- It is estimated that the said policy could result in savings of approx 600 crore each season.
- About 40 million tonnes of food grains are transported by FCI across the country in a year.
- Movement of food grain is undertaken by rail, road, sea, coastal and riverine systems.
- In 2016-17, 13 containerized movement was undertaken which led to freight savings of around Rs. 44 lakhs.
- During 2017-18, FCI has moved 58 container rakes (as on 15.10.2017) leading to approx. freight savings of Rs. 159 lakhs.

Warehousing Development and Regulatory Authority (WDRA)

- The process of registration of warehouses with WDRA has been simplified.
- The new rules will promote increase in the number of warehouses registered with WDRA.
- This would enhance facility of pledge finance for the farmers through Negotiable Warehouse Receipts (NWR) system.
- During the year Rs.90.35 crore loans have been availed against NWRs so far.
- **Electronic Negotiable Warehousing Receipt (eNWR) System and WDRA Portal** has been launched to transform the process of registration of warehouses online and to issue e-NWR instead of paper-NWR which will be a more credible financing tool.

Sugar Sector



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- Due to persistent surplus of sugar stock during the preceding five years, the cane price arrears for 2014-15 sugar season at all India level peaked at Rs.21837 crores as on 15.4.2015.
- In order to facilitate clearance of cane price arrears, the Central Government took various initiatives viz: providing soft loans of Rs.4305 crores, providing financial assistance of Rs. 425 crore through raw sugar export incentive scheme, providing production subsidy of about Rs.539 crore to offset cost of cane and facilitate timely payment of cane price dues of farmers for the sugar season 2015-16.
- As a consequence of these measures, 99.33% of cane dues payments of farmers for 2014-15 sugar season and 99.77% (on Fair and Remunerative Price-basis) for 2015-16 sugar season have been cleared.
- About 99.47% of cane dues on FRP basis have also been cleared in respect of sugar season 2016-17.
- Sugar prices remained stable during the year despite low production in the country as a consequence of policy interventions including increasing of import duty on sugar and allowing only limited quantity of imports restricted to deficient regions in the country.
- The policies not only ensured stable prices but also did not disrupt the domestic production and enabled the sugar mills to pay the farmers their cane dues on time.

Export of Foodgrains from Central Pool Stock

Government of India provided food grains as humanitarian food assistance to the following countries during 2017:-

- Sri Lanka-100(in metric tonnes)
- Zimbabwe-500(in metric tonnes)
- Lesotho-500 (in metric tonnes)
- Namibia-1000(in metric tonnes)
- Further a quantity of 1.10 lakh MT of wheat has also been approved for donation to Afghanistan and supply from FCI's stocks is under progress.



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Year End Review-Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs-SWACHH SURVEKSHAN 2017

- Renamed as the Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs, the erstwhile two separate Ministries dealing with Urban issues were merged to give a new fillip to the Urban Missions being implemented by the Govt.
- Landmark new initiatives were taken to reenergize with a focus on fast tracking and overcoming implementation issues to ensure time bound completion of the Missions.
- Urban transport has been accorded high priority in so far as the Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi laid foundation/inaugurated several new metro lines in the country including Kochi, Hyderabad, Delhi, Nagpur and Pune.
- A total of nine new Metro Projects have been sanctioned for Ahmedabad, Nagpur, Lucknow, Chennai (Extension), Pune and Noida-Greater Noida and Delhi Metro extension with a total length of about 180 km at a total cost of about Rs. 49,000 crore. Over 37.5 lakh houses have been sanctioned so far under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana with a total investment of Rs.2.03 crores.
- Under the Smart City Mission, 90 Cities have been selected in 3 rounds so far and 77 of them have already incorporated Special Purpose Vehicles.
- Projects worth Rs.1,35,958 crores in 2864 projects are under various stages of implementation under Smart City Mission to improve urban infrastructure, ease of living and quality of life in urban areas.
- Close to 43 lakh individual household toilets have been built and 1977 cities declared Open Defecation Free as part of the Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban).
- For the first time, Swachh Survekshan 2017 has been conducted in 434 cities.
- National Transit Oriented Development Policy has been formulated to promote planned and sustainable urban centres.
- For rejuvenation and urban transformation, an Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation(AMRUT) Mission has been launched for 500 cities where 5 transformational reforms have been identified and a provision of Rs.10,000 cores proposed as an incentive for the next three years for implementing these reforms.
- To improve sewerage and septage management, 271 projects worth Rs.12321 crores have been awarded.

PRADHAN MANTRI AWAS YOJANA

- PMAY /Housing for All/(HFA)-Urban is a Mission to provide HFA by 2022 and is being implemented from 2015.
- It provides central assistance to Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) and other implementing agencies through States/UTs for in-situ Rehabilitation of existing slum dwellers using land as a resource through private participation; Credit Linked Subsidy; Affordable Housing in Partnership and Subsidy for beneficiary-led individual house construction/enhancement.
- Under the PMAY(U), the total investment from the Centre and States/UTs is approved for Rs 2,03,440 crores.



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- Out of the approved total central assistance of Rs 57,669 crore, Rs 12,916 crores (approx.) have already been released to States/UTs.
- Interest subsidy of Rs 1,646 crore on housing loans has been credited directly to 81,597 beneficiaries under CLSS(Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme).
- So far, 37.5 lakh houses have been approved for funding under the Mission.
- A number of 17.32 lakh houses have been grounded of which construction of 4.68 lakh houses have been completed since launch of the Mission.
- The huge investment of 2.03 lakh crore in housing sector is bringing more job opportunities in construction and allied sectors with the help of induced effect and contributing to overall health of the economy.

SMART CITY MISSION

- Under the SCM, 90 Smart Cities have been selected in 3 Rounds based on All India Competition. Process is on for the selection of balance 10 cities. Out of the 90 Smart Cities selected so far 77 have incorporated Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV).
- Under SCM 2,864 projects worth Rs.1,35,958 crore are in various stages of implementation.
- 148 projects worth Rs.1,872 crore have been completed; work is underway for 407 projects with a cost of Rs.15,600 crore.
- Value Capture Finance (VCF) Policy Framework was released by the Ministry on 28th February 2017. It is an important tool for generating much needed additional finances required by the States / Cities for funding the infrastructural investments. So far 17 States have already engaged professional firms for preparing the VCF framework. This is expected to help the States generate additional revenue.

REAL ESTATE (REGULATION AND DEVELOPMENT) ACT

- RERA is aimed at preventing diversion of funds and protect the buyers interest and help in curbing black money and speculation- leading to price control.
- The Act is aimed at ensuring operations transparent – project information will be available and promote informed choice for buyers.
- The disclosure of ‘carpet area’ for sale will curb unfair trade practices.

SWACHH BHARAT MISSION - URBAN

- The Government of India launched the “Swachh Bharat Mission” (Urban) on 2nd October 2014 for 5-year period with the objective of achieving 100% open defecation free (ODF) status and putting in place systems to achieve 100% solid waste management in all 4041 Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) in the country.
- The estimated cost of implementation is Rs. 62,009/- crore, including Government of India’s share of Rs. 14,600/- crore and State share of Rs 4,874/- crore.
- To enable people to easily locate public toilets and give feedback on the same, a major initiatives of mapping all public toilets in the country on Google Maps has been launched.

SWACHH SURVEKSHAN

- Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs, in order to foster a healthy competition between cities for improving cleanliness standards, conducted Swachh Survekshan survey for the rating of 73 cities in January 2016 followed by ‘Swachh Survekshan-2017’ conducted in Jan-February 2017 ranking 434 cities.
- Indore secured 1st rank in ‘Swachh Survekshan’ 2017.
- The third round will be conducted from 4th January to 10th March, 2018 covering all 4,041 statutory towns in India.
- A ‘Swachhata’ app has been launched as a grievance redressal platform for any complaints from citizens related to cleanliness.
- Various multimedia campaigns such as Asli Tarakki (to promote toilet usage and construction), Compost Banao Compost Apnao (for promoting production and consumption of city compost), Har



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din do bin (to promote source segregation of waste), and Swachh Shouchalaya (to promote responsible usage of public toilets) have been launched.

- A massive campaign, namely, “segregation of waste at source”, has been launched with the objective that all ULBs will be practicing source segregation.

METRO RAIL

During the last three years, nine new Metro Projects have been sanctioned by the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs for Ahmedabad, Nagpur, Lucknow, Chennai (Extension), Pune and Noida-Greater Noida and Delhi Metro extension with a total length of about 180 km at a total cost of about Rs.49,000 crore.

Metro Rail Policy- 2017 was unveiled during the year.

- This policy will fill up the much needed gap for ascertaining and enhancing the feasibility of metro rail projects from economic, social and environmental perspective.
- It also aims to focus on systematic planning and implementation of metro rail systems and act as a guide to state governments for preparing comprehensive proposals for metro rail projects.
- This policy will also enable greater private participation and innovative financing through Transit Oriented Development (TOD) and Value Capture Finance (VCF).
- This policy suggests a range of Public Private Partnership models. It focuses on maximizing non - fare box revenues and revenues through commercial developments at stations and other allocated land.

MoHUA has issued National Transit Oriented Development (TOD) policy on 01.05.2017, which aims to promote planned and sustainable urban centers with high density, mixed land-use development within an influence zone of 500-800 meters of mass transit stations.

NATIONAL URBAN LIVELIHOODS MISSION

- Under NULM, during the last three years, 8,37,764 urban poor have been imparted skill training to improve employment opportunities.
- Subsidized loans have been provided to 1,74,508 beneficiaries for self-employment through individual or group micro-enterprises.
- 1,62,285 Self-Help Groups have been formed, 1,02,080 SHGs have been assisted with Revolving Fund and 1,82,836 SHGs have been disbursed loans under SHG Bank Linkage Programme for taking up activities for improving incomes.
- The scope of NULM has been enhanced to cover all statutory towns and it has been renamed as DAY-NULM.
- The primary target of DAY-NULM is urban poor, including urban homeless and particular emphasis is laid on mobilization of vulnerable sections of urban population such as SCs, STs minorities, female-headed households, persons with disabilities, destitute, migrant labourers, and especially vulnerable occupational groups such as street vendors, rag pickers, domestic workers, beggars, construction workers, etc.

DEENDAYAL ANTYODAYA YOJANA - NATIONAL URBAN LIVELIHOODS MISSION

- Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) is a Centrally sponsored Scheme for reducing the poverty and vulnerability of urban poor households and is under implementation in the States/UTs since April 2014.
- The Mission covers all the statutory towns in the country, to be decided by the State/UT as per local need and capability.
- The primary target of DAY-NULM is urban poor, including urban homeless and particular emphasis is laid on mobilisation of vulnerable sections of urban population.
- Further, during the year, a system of ranking of states and cities named as **SPARK** (Systematic Progressive Analytical Real-time Ranking) has been put in place by the Ministry to infuse competitive spirit amongst the States and cities.
- Personalised After-training Rapid Assessment System (**PARAS**) has been launched by the Ministry to seek feedback regarding skill training directly from the beneficiaries.



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- Also, mid-term evaluation and impact assessment of the Mission has been initiated. Memorandum of Understanding has been entered into with UrbanClap for placement of skill-trained candidates in high-demand sectors in sixteen major cities in the country.

ATAL MISSION FOR REJUVENATION AND URBAN TRANSFORMATION (AMRUT)

- AMRUT launched in June 2015 for 500 cities has achieved significant milestones during the year 2017.
- From 2017 onwards, a set of 5 transformational reforms have been identified and enhanced provision of Rs.10000 crore is proposed as reform incentive for the next three years.
- The thrust areas of the Mission are Water Supply, sewerage & septage management, storm water drainage, Green Spaces & Park, Urban Transport: NMT, Reforms management, and Capacity Building.
- The Mission focuses on development of basic urban infrastructure in the Mission towns with the following expected outcomes:
 - (i) Universal (100%) coverage for access to clean drinking water for every household in 500 cities;
 - (ii) Substantial improvement in coverage and treatment capacities of sewerage;
 - (iii) Development of city parks;
 - (iv) Reform Implementation and
 - (v) Capacity Building.

The progress in implementation of the Mission is as under:

- In the water supply sector, contracts for 472 projects worth Rs.18,884 crore have been awarded and 24 projects worth Rs.6.96 crore have been completed. NITs have been issued for 145 projects worth Rs.6,029 crore and DPRs for 250 projects worth Rs.5,384 crore have been approved.
 - In the sewerage and septage management sector, contracts for 271 projects worth Rs. 12,321 crore have been awarded and 3 projects worth Rs. 4.71 crore have been completed. NITs have been issued for 81 projects worth Rs. 5,862 crore and DPRs for 99 projects worth Rs. 3,300 crore have been approved.
 - In the drainage sector, contracts for 42 projects worth Rs. 566 crore have been awarded and 9 projects worth Rs. 3.68 crore have been completed. NITs have been issued for 33 projects worth Rs. 524.65 crore and DPRs for 157 projects worth: Rs. 837.15 crore have been approved.
 - In the urban transport sector, contracts for 72 projects worth Rs. 223 crore have been awarded and one project worth Rs. 0.09 crore has been completed. NITs have been issued for 56 projects worth Rs. 374 crore and DPRs for 90 projects worth Rs. 232 crore have been approved.
 - In the green spaces and parks sector, contracts for 749 projects worth Rs. 466 crore have been awarded and 178 projects worth Rs. 139 crore have been completed. NITs have been issued for 431 projects worth Rs. 364 crore and DPRs for 458 projects worth Rs. 330 crore have been approved.
- So far, work on 215 projects worth Rs. 156.64 crore has been completed.

HERITAGE CITY DEVELOPMENT & AUGMENTATION YOJANA

- **City HRIDAY** Plans amounting to Rs. 400 crore for all the 12 cities identified under the scheme have been approved by HRIDAY National Empowered Committee (HNEC).
- The City HRIDAY Plan includes gap analysis for identified zones and proposed shelf of projects to be undertaken under Scheme HRIDAY.
- A Project Monitoring and Supervision Unit (PMSU) has been established in each city consisting of Government nominated Engineers, HRIDAY City Anchors and representatives of DPR preparation agencies to regularly review the progress of implementation of projects.

Following are some major HRIDAY projects in progress:

- a) Amritsar: - Comprehensive road development and up-gradation of 21 major roads leading to Golden Temple – Rs. 31.99 crore
- b) Varanasi: - Development of 24 Roads leading to various Heritage Sites - Rs.29.89 crore



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- c) Varanasi:- Implementation of Heritage Sensitive Infrastructure for LED Street Lighting at Old Kashi Zone – Rs. 26.50 crore
- d) Warangal: - Bhadrakali Lake Foreshore Development - Rs.14.94 crore.
- e) Ajmer:- Annasagar Lakefront Up-gradation at Ajmer – Rs.11.69 crore

DELHI DIVISION

Extension of protection provided to unauthorised developments

- The National Capital Territory of Delhi Laws (Special Provisions) Second (Amendment) Bill, 2017 was passed by the Parliament during its Winter Session to extend the provisions of the National Capital Territory of Delhi Laws (Special Provisions) Second Act, 2011 for a further period of three years from 1st January, 2018 to 31st December, 2020.
- The said Act of 2011, provides protection from punitive action to certain forms of unauthorised developments till formulation of policies/guidelines/feasible strategies for their orderly arrangements.

Sanction of projects under Urban Development Fund

The following projects with a UDF funding of Rs 1164.59 crores were sanctioned and includes -

- i) Rehabilitation of Peripheral Sewer Lines in Delhi (Rs 186.06 crore)
- ii) Integrated Transit Corridor Development (Rs 738.53 crore)- foundation laying ceremony by Hon'ble Vice President held on 22.12.2017.
- iii) Solid Waste Management in Delhi (Rs 240.00 crore)

Projects funded through UDF where foundation laying has been held during 2017:

- i) Construction of skywalk and FOB at the junction of Sikandara Road, Mathura Road, Tilak Marg and Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg at 'W' point near Hans Bhawan – foundation laid by Hon'ble MoS(IC), HUA on 9th November, 2017. The project cost is Rs 54.34 crore and 80% of the cost i.e, Rs 43.47 crore is funded through UDF. The project is expected to be complete by March, 2018.
- ii) Construction of Flyover-cum-RoB on UER-1 at Narela- foundation stone laid on 29.12.2017. The project cost is Rs. 437.21 crore out of which Rs 349.77 crore is through UDF and the balance of Rs 87.44 crore is DDA's contribution.

DELHI DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

DDA is on course to achieve complete digitization of its land records. An RFP for this is already issued.

- i) In-situ redevelopment of Katputli colony

This work on this long pending project for in-situ development of Katputli colony near Shadipur Depot in West Delhi has commenced during 2017 in conformity with guidelines of PMAY-Urban.

2800 EWS flats will be constructed to re-habilitate the jhuggi dwellers on in-situ basis.

The construction will be completed by the end of 2019.

- ii) Housing Scheme-2017

DDA launched for the Housing Schemes-2017 and draw for allotment for about 12617 flats of different categories in various localities was held on 30.11.2017.

Rajghat Samadhi Committee (RSC)

Various works were undertaken including the works of installation of CCTV cameras at RSC complex, display of information about Gandhiji and Rajghat Samadhi at the entrances of the Samadhi, renovation of old structures, installation of solar power system, installation of LED lights, display of 'Amrit Vachans' of Gandhiji. All these works were inaugurated by the then MoHUA on 30.01.2017. Honble Minister also released the special issue of **Rajghat Samadhi Patrika** on 'Champaran' on 30.01.2017.

CPWD GOES DIGITAL

- The Government's construction major, Central Public Works Department(CPWD) has undergone a major digital transformation enabling payments of around Rs. 20,000 crore per year electronically.
- This has been done by networking all the 400 field offices of CPWD across the country through a special integrated portal ensuring digital payments.



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- With this, CPWD has become the first organization of a civil ministry to become digital at the field level.
- Electronic Measurement Book (**e-MB**) has also been developed for CPWD that enables reporting of physical progress of works online as per the schedule of agreement with contractors based on which payments will be made.



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